# Rules for Math Problem-Solvers & Thinkers



There are 5 master card templates and an action key card provided. To accommodate a class of 30 students, print 3-6 copies of each master card and an action key card or two for each small group table location.

Distribute the cards strategically so that students in the same group or table arrangement each get a different card.

Students should mark a square with a token, sticker, or dot each time they observe the use of a math thinker action in their group. You can implement a "me-rule" where a student can mark up to three squares representing their own actions. Make it challenging for them by having them speak aloud about those instances.

This game is based on student observation; what a student sees, hears, or does may differ and result in variability in outcome.

# Developing Mathematical Problem-Solvers & Thinkers Through Standards for Mathematical Practice Teacher Guide:

### MP1: Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Students foster grit and strategic thinking, learning to tackle a problem with confidence, even when the path forward isn't immediately clear.

### MP2: Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

Students learn to move fluidly between a real-world situation (the context) and its mathematical representation (the numbers and operations).

### MP3: Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

Students learn to "build a case" for their solution, respectfully analyze the methods of their peers, and communicate "why".

### MP4: Model with mathematics.

Students use math as a tool to understand the world, which empowers them to apply the math they know to solve messy, real-world problems.

### MP5: Use appropriate tools strategically.

Students learn to choose the right tool for the job. Whether it's a pencil, a protractor, a spreadsheet, or a calculator, students learn to make strategic decisions about which tool will help them solve a problem most efficiently.

### MP6: Attend to precision.

Students learn to communicate with clarity and accuracy, combined with the bedrock of good mathematics: precision.

#### MP7: Look for and make use of structure.

Students learn to see the "big picture" in math and step back and recognize underlying structures and properties.

### MP8: Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Students discover shortcuts for general rules, noticing patterns in repeated calculations to develop a successful method for formula.





В		N	G	O
MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>5</b>	MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>8</b>
MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>7</b>
MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>4</b>		MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>5</b>
MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>4</b>
MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>5</b>





В		N	G	0
MP <b>5</b>	MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>5</b>	MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>1</b>
MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>3</b>
MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>6</b>	+	MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>3</b>
MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>5</b>	MP <b>6</b>
MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>3</b>





В		N	G	O
MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>2</b>
MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>5</b>	MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>1</b>
MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>4</b>	+	MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>6</b>
MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>5</b>
MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>4</b>





В		N	G	O
MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>4</b>
MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>8</b>
MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>3</b>	+	MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>6</b>
MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>5</b>	MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>2</b>
MP <b>5</b>	MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>4</b>





В		N	G	0
MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>5</b>	MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>8</b>
MP <b>7</b>	MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>5</b>
MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>4</b>		MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>1</b>
MP <b>3</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>5</b>	MP <b>8</b>	MP <b>4</b>
MP <b>6</b>	MP <b>4</b>	MP <b>2</b>	MP <b>1</b>	MP <b>5</b>



### Actions of Math Problem-Solvers & Thinkers:

#### MP1:

- Tried one strategy, then tried another
- · Kept working on a challenging problem
- Used estimation to check if an answer is reasonable
- · Checked answer using a different method

#### **MP2**:

- Stated what the numbers in a word problem represent
- Wrote an equation to match a problem
- Identified multiple ways to represent a problem (pictures, numbers, equations)

#### **MP3**:

- · Asked a clarifying question
- · Explained why an answer makes sense
- Listened to a classmate's idea & added to it
- · Used "because" to justify thinking

#### **MP4**:

- Drew a picture or diagram to solve a problem
- Modeled a real-world situation with an equation
- · Created a table or chart to organize their data
- Used a model or drawing to explain their answer to the class

#### **MP5**:

- Used a number line to show work
- Chose the best tool for the job
- Used mental math instead of a calculator

#### **MP6**:

- Labeled the answer with correct units
- Used precise math words like "factor" or "vertex"
- Explained what the symbols in a formula mean

#### **MP7**:

- · Explained a pattern they noticed
- Broke a complex problem into smaller, simpler parts

#### **MP8**:

- · Found a shortcut after doing several calculations
- Noticed a connection to a problem we solved yesterday

### Math Problem-Solvers & Thinkers



